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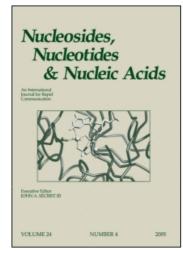
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Nucleosides, Nucleotides and Nucleic Acids

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Ethyl[2-Deoxy-5-O-(4,4'-dimethoxytrityl)- α - and β -D-erythro-Pentofuranosyl] Acetates as Versatile Intermediates in Nucleic Acid Chemistry

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ETHYL[2-DEOXY-5-O-(4,4'-DIMETHOXYTRITYL)-α-AND β-D-ERYTHRO-PENTOFURANOSYL] ACETATES AS VERSATILE INTERMEDIATES IN NUCLEIC ACID CHEMISTRY

Jari Hovinen, ^a* Alex Azhayev, ^b Harri Salo^cand Juhani Vilpo^d

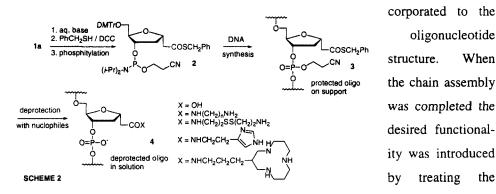
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Abstract: The title compounds (1a,b) were synthesized in three steps from 2-deoxy-Dribose, and used in the preparation of oligonucleotide conjugates, branched oligonucleotides as well as homo-N-nucleosides.

The title compounds (1a,b) were easily prepared from 2-deoxy-D-ribose ac-

were separated on silica gel, and identified in the aid of ¹H, ¹H NOESY NMR.

The use of the α -anomer (1a) in the preparation of tethered oligonucletides. 1a was converted to the phosphoramidite building block (3) according to Scheme 2, and in-



When

the

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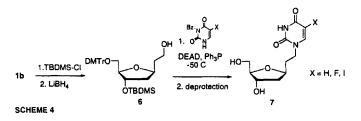
protected oligonucleotide while still immobilized to a solid support with aqueous nucleophiles. ^{1,2} Deprotection was completed by standard ammonolysis.

The use of the β -anomer(1b) in the preparation of branched oligonucleotides.

1b was transformed to the 5 according block to 3. It Scheme was incorporated to an oligonucleotide at the desired point of branching. Synthesis of first chain the was terminated using a 5'-Obenzoylated nucleoside block in the last coupling

step. The second oligonucleotide chain was synthesized after selective removal of the levulinyl group. Standard ammonolytic deprotection yielded the desired branched oligonucleotide.

The use of the β -anomer(1b) in the preparation of homo-N-nucleosides. The β -anomer was easily converted to a C-glycoside bearing a primary hydroxyl group in its



structure 6 (Scheme
4). When it was allowed to react with various 5-substituted

N3-benzoyluracils

Mitsunobu

under

conditions at low temperature followed by deprotection, the desired homo-*N*-nucleosides (7) were obtained. Their cytotoxicity against four human leukemia cell lines and phytochemagglutinin-stimulated human peripheral blood lymphocytes was investigated.

In contrast to the parent nucleosides, non of them were found to be cytotoxic.

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